

# Chamacoco language

**Chamacoco** is a Zamucoan language spoken in Paraguay by the Chamacoco people. It is also known as Xamicoco or Xamacoco, although the tribe itself prefers the name **Ishír**, which is also spelled Ishiro or Jewyo.<sup>[3]</sup> When the term *Ishiro* (or *yshyro* or *žshžro*) is used to refer to the language, it is an abbreviation for *Ishir(o) ahwoso*, literally meaning 'the words, the language of the Chamacoco people'.<sup>[4]</sup> It is spoken by a traditionally hunter-gatherer society that now practices agriculture. Its speakers are of all ages, and generally do not speak Spanish or Guarani well.<sup>[5]</sup>

<b>Chamacoco</b>	
	<i>Ishír</i>
<b>Native to</b>	Paraguay
<b>Region</b>	Alto Paraguay
<b>Ethnicity</b>	Chamacoco
<b>Native speakers</b>	2,000 (2015) <sup>[1]</sup>
<b>Language family</b>	Zamucoan ▪ Chamacoco
<b>Language codes</b>	
<b>ISO 639-3</b>	ceg
<b>Glottolog</b>	cham1315 ( <a href="http://glottolog.org/resource/language/id/cham1315">http://glottolog.org/resource/language/id/cham1315</a> ) <sup>[2]</sup>

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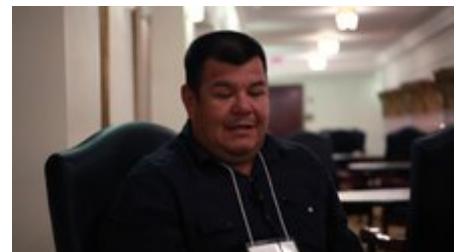
## Classification

Chamacoco is classified as a Zamucoan language, along with Ayoreo. Both languages are considered endangered.<sup>[6]</sup> There is relatively little information about the Zamucoan family.

Chamacoco speakers live in the northeastern part of the Chaco Boreal at the origin of the Río Verde in Paraguay.<sup>[5]</sup> Four dialects of Chamacoco have been identified: Héiwo, in the Fuerte Olimpo area; Ebidóso and Hório, spoken in the Bahía Negra region; and Tomaráho, in the Paraná-Paraíba interior forests.<sup>[3]</sup>

The speakers of Hório and Ebidóso were estimated to be 800 in 1970. Fewer than 200 people spoke Tomaráho then. Back in 1930, over 2000 people were estimated to speak Chamacoco.<sup>[3]</sup>

Verb inflection is based on personal prefixes and the language is tenseless.<sup>[7]</sup> For example, *chžipžirme teu dosh* means "the kingfisher eats fish", while *chžipžira teu wichiž dosht* means "the kingfisher will eat fish." Nouns can be divided into possessable and non-possessable. Possessable nouns are characterized by a prefixation whereby the noun agrees with the possessor or genitival modifier.<sup>[8]</sup> There is no difference between nouns and adjectives in suffixation.<sup>[9]</sup> The syntax is characterized by the presence of para-hypotactical structures.<sup>[10]</sup> The comparison of inflectional morphology has shown remarkable similarities with Ayoreo and Ancient Zamuco.<sup>[11]</sup>



[Play media](#)

A speaker of Chamacoco, also known as Ishír/Yshyr, recorded for Wikitongues.

## Phonology

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### Vowels

	Front	Central	Back
Close	i	ɨ	
Near-close	I		
Close-mid	e		
Mid		ə	
Open-mid			ɔ
Open	a		ɑ

All vowels except for /ɑ, ə/ have nasalized forms.<sup>[12]</sup>

### Consonants

		Bilabial	Alveolar	Postalveolar	Velar	Glottal
Stop	voiceless	p	t		k	?
	voiced	b	d		g	
Affricate	voiceless			tʃ		
	voiced			dʒ		
Fricative	voiceless		s	f		h
	voiced		z	ʒ	ɣ	
Nasal		m	n			
Approximant	plain		ɹ		w	
	lateral		l			
Trill			r			

### Sample words and phrases

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- *matah debich* (IPA: a debitʃ) – finger
- *aap* (IPA: ap) – fox/lion cub
- *t̪ik̪in ch̪ip owa* (IPA: t̪ig̪ɪ ʃib̪o) – thank you very much
- *ich amatak* (IPA: ɪdʒ amatɔk) – he eats a lot
- *ye takmape* (IPA: je t̪aymabe) – he does not eat a lot
- *t̪ik̪iya oyet̪ike* (IPA: t̪ik̪ija ɔɪhet̪ɪg̪ɪ) – I bought a dog for you

- *yok* (IPA: jɔk) – I
- *ich takaha* (IPA: i tayaha) – I go

## References

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## External links

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- Chamacoco Talking Dictionary (<http://chamacoco.swarthmore.edu>)
- Sorosoro Project (<https://web.archive.org/web/20110104210120/http://www.sorosoro.org/en/za mucoan-languages>)
- ELAR archive of Documentation of the Tomarâho variety of Chamacoco, Paraguay (<http://elar.soas.ac.uk/deposit/0326>)

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